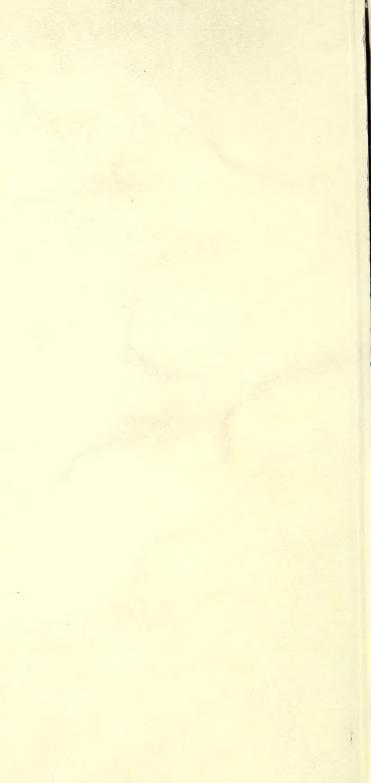
Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



62,25

1924

APR 17 1924 ×

The Longfield Iris Farm



1924 Supplement 1922 Catalogue



E. B. WILLIAMSON.

PAUL H. COOK.

BLUFFTON, INDIANA

The Longfield Iris Farm

Bluffton, Indiana

1924 Supplement to 1922 Catalogue

This supplement lists the Iris we are offering for sale in 1924, all classified according to the scheme given in our catalogue. Besides indicating the general color effects of the varieties offered, the scheme will be found of value to any one making notes and records in the garden. For your convenience we are publishing the system of classification as the final section of this supplement. Following the name of the variety is the name of the originator, the year of introduction, the general color effect, the average height in inches and the price per plant.

Our relations with our customers have been a source of great pleasure to us. We feel that among them are many real friends, kindred spirits in the love of the Iris. Some of them we have had the privilege of meeting in person. We hope to see all these old friends again in 1924 and we invite all Iris lovers to visit our gardens at any time.

Our 1922 catalogue contains much of general interest to Iris growers. If you haven't a copy we shall be glad to send you one.

We shall ship plants as nearly on the date desired by the purchaser as our weather conditions will permit. Plants are not held in storage and are shipped the same day they are dug. But we urgently recommend that the customer ask for shipment at a date to suit us in July or August as this allows us to dig during the most favorable season for transplanting Iris and at the particular time when local weather conditions are the best. In this way we can furnish maximum sized plants in the best possible condition. This request is made for the best interests of our customers upon whose good will and approval our business depends.

Bypaths in Irisland.

BY E. B. WILLIAMSON.

A name for members of the Iris clan. There are many of us finding something of beauty and interest in the species and varieties of Iris. Is there any name we can give which will be sufficiently broad to designate the Iris breeder, the amateur and the commercial grower and the student? The need or desirability of such a name is obvious but to find one is not so easy. Having grown up in daily association with various "ologies" the name Irisologist came naturally to mind and I even convinced myself that it ran rather trippingly off my tongue. But when I wrote of the name to various friends I received nothing but shocked remonstrances. It was just awful. What have you to suggest?

The Past. Sixteen or seventeen years ago I enjoyed the privilege of some correspondence with Mr. J. N. Gerard, author of part of the Iris section in Bailey's Standard Cyclopedia of American Horticulture. Mr. Gerard was genial and helpful in his letters and generous with his plants which he usually sent with all the vegetation attached for my information. It was through him that I first obtained not only many varieties of Pogoniris but numerous species of Iris, especially of Apogons. At that time, as now, I was interested in Iris primarily as a group for hybridizing, and I asked Mr. Gerard for suggestions. I well recall his reply that the limits of hybridizing and selection, carried on for many years among the Pogoniris, had probably been reached, and there was nothing to encourage further effort in that field. And in the same letter he pointed out the possibilities in hybridizing species of Oncocyclus with the great number of varieties of Pogoniris. This letter determined my activities for several years. And in the meantime, since Mr. Gerard's letter was written, nearly all of the Pogoniris we rate as really fine have been produced!

The Present. In what direction has this progress been? Various breeders have given us some striking things in colors and patterns, but largely the trend has been toward increased size primarily and texture secondarily. In fact some Iris critics complain that about the only basis for selection is that of size—it must be a "big 'un". This criticism is probably true but it does not follow that it is just. Given the wealth of varieties we had twenty years ago, free flowering, vigorous, and varied in colors, the most open avenue of advancement was in size and texture with the clearing and intensifying of shades in a few cases. And that size had its appeal is obvious from the high esteem in which some of Sir Michael Foster's hybrids were held though their color range was limited.

So far as I know, with the exception of breeding work done in recent years in England, most of our present day high rating Iris are first generation hybrids with one or both parents selected largely for their size. The extremely heterozygous character of most of these parents is shown by the many unexpected products of their hybridization. As to Iris breeding on the Continent I am not well informed but I believe there, as largely here, our results

to date are largely first generation products. One has only to recall Queen Caterina, Anna Farr, Conquistador and many others. Virginia Moore is a second generation product, produced with a definite end in view, but the number of such varieties is limited. In the United States at least, while there is now some start in real Iris breeding, there has been little in the past, and the end products of the hybridizer's science and art have not yet been achieved.

The Future. "Every time I see Lent A. Williamson growing in competition with Irises like Ambassadeur, Magnifica, Prospero and others, I wonder what ailed that committee of twenty-three."-Sherman R. Duffy in Flower Grower, September, 1923. Nothing more serious, Mr. Duffy, than that probably many of the committee had never seen the Irises you mention and the mistake you attribute to them was due to limited vision—the same kind of a mistake you might have made prior to the spring of 1923 when you had the opportunity to visit four nurseries. And then there is a question of personal taste. It's going to take a long time, under continuous and orderly progress, to determine the best and better of the Pogoniris varieties registered during the past ten years. And there is no abatement in the flood. In the meantime some individuals are going to formulate definite ideals, not necessarily of one type, and will to a greater or lesser degree make these ideals real through scientific hybridizing and selection. Aurea and Nibelungen will not look so good to Mr. Duffy We have every reason to expect some real yellows, variegatas and pinks of size and substance.

Naming and Registration.

In the bewildering number of Iris names being registered it is obvious that no rules or restrictions, possible of acceptance, can be devised. Possibly it is not desirable that the flood should be stopped. We are all prone to want the new things among our garden favorites and if these are relatively few in number, the number of purchasers of literally all of them will be proportionately large. This would mean that the products of a relatively few breeders would become generally known, and the ideals or tastes, good and bad, of these few breeders would tend to become fixed. At the present time the tendency seems certainly to be against all restriction. In fact I might today register an attractive name with the intention of applying it to some Iris to be produced in the future. The bars to registration are completely down, and it will probably be necessary for the worth while Irises in flower shows and through reports by able critics, to establish their value before the purchaser can be tempted to part with his money. In such a situation it still remains that any breeder by conservative methods and ruthless criticism of his own products may establish a reputation for introducing only worth while things.



Iris Offered For Sale

AND

Prices for 1924

With Color Classification of Pogoniris, the Bearded Iris

BY

PAUL H. COOK

The Longfield Iris Farm



Tall Bearded Iris Lent A. Williamson.

"Standards very broad, soft campanula violet (198-2); falls very large, velvety royal purple. Very brilliant golden beard. Extra large flower, strong grower, unusually fine."-Farr.

"This Iris was splendid this year; it was wonderfully large and beautiful and we were very much pleased with it.It bloomed beautifully this year and has been greatly admired. It is a very strong growing type, with a very large flower."-Farr.

"Your Iris L. A. W. bloomed this year (1922) and it certainly is a beauty-far ahead of anything I have seen."

-P. A. Caswell.

"I saw it (L. A. W.) at Mr. Boyd's and in Rutherford, N. J., and at Wellesley Farms, and in each case it was perfectly magnificent."—Wister.

"Say, you should see the Iris L. A .W. I have it planted right at the edge of grass. Watering was a question here and I decided it would do well on about the same amount of water as the grass, and how it grows! I don't believe I'm exagerating a bit when I say some of the leaves are fully three inches wide. It had about six stems of flowers this year that were certainly gorgeous. No Iris in University Heights compared with it, or even came close. I'm looking forward to a grand triumph among the neighborhood flower growers next season.'

Paul Williamson, Albuquerque, N. M.

"Lent A. Williamson I consider better than Alcazar, even excelling Dominion."-—Charles S. Phillips.

"Lent A. Williamson is the best Iris seedling that has been raised in America." -A. J. Bliss.

"The roots of Lent A. Williamson arrived yesterday in splendid shape. In all the ordering I have been doing since the Iris Exhibit here in the spring these are the best roots I have ever had sent to me, both in the size and healthy condition of the rhizomes, and the amount of roots."

—Mrs. N. F. Thompson,
Pres. Rockford Garden Club.

We have a large and very fine stock of this variety to offer this year.

Strong plants \$1 50 each. Four plants for \$5.00. All prepaid.

Bearded Iris Mary Williamson.

We cannot supply this variety during 1924. for this Williamson Seedling has so depleted our stock that we have had to withdraw it from sale for this year. This is one of the most distinctive of the Amoena varieties and we hope to have sufficient stock to offer it again in 1925.

Apogon Iris Dorothea K. Williamson

Dorothea K. Williamson is a beautiful hybrid of Iris fulva and Iris foliosa and marks as distinct an advance in the beardless section as does Lent A. Williamson in the bearded section. Generally considered one of the finest

Apogon seedlings ever grown.
"The flowers are of the most extraordinary color. first opening the texture is that of velvet so that the glowing royal purple is of exceeding depth. The style arms and the bases of the flower parts are duller purple flushed with terra cotta and brownish hues. The accent comes from a thin line of yellow which shows on the falls in the place where the beardless Irises comonly have a yellow blotch."

-B. Y. Morrison in Garden Magazine, September, 1919. At Washington, D. C. the flowering stalk was 4 feet high; at Bluffton, Indiana, 30 inches is a fair height. This Iris prefers a rich, moist, but well drained location, in full sun for its best development.

Strong plants \$2.00 each prepaid.

Sets of Numbered Selected Seedlings.

In our catalogue for 1922 we announced the sale of sets of numbered selected seedlings. The main purpose in this was to subject these seedlings to general criticism with a view of later selecting certain seedlings of the sets for naming and propagation. We found, after selecting from more than 100 selected seedlings, that we had on hand 48 seedlings we wished to subject to this test. These were, accordingly, divided into six sets of eight plants each. The sets were designated by capital letters, A, B, C, D, E, and F, and in each set each seedling retained its original number. For example, in Set A there were A 4, A 8, A 20, A 43, A 89, A 102, A 106, and A 136. One of these sets has been withdrawn from sale, so this year we are offering five sets of numbered selected seedlings for sale at the old price of \$5.00 per set. We are offering seven plants in each set, but as a matter of fact each customer will receive two or three extra plants.

As to the quality of these sets the following letter from an experienced commercial Iris grower may prove inter-

esting.

Gentlemen:

In 1922 we obtained from you some seedling Iris rhizomes, four of which bloomed for us this year. We report as hereunder:

Seedling Standards mauve, shadowed bronze. Falls richest Royal Purple, with slight light border and rich golden beard. Light veining on haft. Fragrant. Well branched. Stiff stem. Reminds one very much of Lent A. in general form. Bloomed June 8.

Seedling ____ Standards light violet, very wide. Falls reddish purple. Beard yellow. Fine branching habit. Slightly fragrant. Styles yellow and purple. Falls horizontal. In our opinion, rating should be about 8.5. Bloomed June 14.

Seedling _____ Plicata shades. Standards, ground white, light violet shading and veining. Falls lighter, edge dark violet. Yellow beard. Styles light blue. Would rate this about 6.7. Bloomed June 15.

Seedling ____ A fine variety of good bloom, with wide wavy standards of lovely light heliotrope. Falls light heliotrope veined brown at haft. Yellow beard. About 8.6. Bloomed June 8.

When the others bloom next year we shall be pleased to report further. Would be glad to know if you purpose registering any of the seedlings mentioned above, and if so, under what names they would be registered.

Yours very truly, KENNETH McDONALD & SONS, LIMITED.

| Selec | ted | nur | nbered | Iris, | Seven | Plants | \$5.00 |
|-------|------|-----|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| Any | sing | gle | number | r | | | \$1.00 |

Mixed Seedlings of Bearded Iris.

We wish to call attention again to our collection of mixed seedling Iris plants at \$5.00. This collection of 125 strong plants includes practically every color to be found in Irises, as well as early and late varieties, so a collection insures a wealth of harmonious colors over a long season. During the past two years we have sold a large number of these collections and in every instance the customer was more than pleased. It is this which leads us to continue our offer throughout 1924. Moreover, during 1924 we will make up our mixed collections from an entirely different lot of seedlings from any previously used. Collections ordered this year will not be duplicates of any purchased in the past. Indeed, as our breeding work continues, our collections of seedlings increase in quality, and we can offer our customers this year the finest collection we have yet sent out. In packing we exercise care to include as many varieties as possible in each collection.

"You will no doubt be interested to know that the plants bought from you some time ago were highly satisfactory and I was very much pleased with them."

-Paul H. Earle.

"The Iris came O. K. It looks as if we had enough to plant the whole back yard. They came in fine shape and I wish to thank you very much for the extra number you gave me."

-H. I. Inskell.

Mixed Seedlings, 125 plants for \$5.00 by express collect.

Dry Rhizomes of Mixed Seedlings.

Rhizomes of Pogoniris if properly dug and cured will retain their vitality for at least a year. Such rhizomes are more desirable under certain conditions than freshly dug rhizomes because of lower transportation charges, safety from injury under long and slow journeys, and their availability at all seasons. We have sent such rhizomes to South America where they are growing successfully at moderate to high elevations. We are able with these plants to supply our southern friends with iris for early planting at a season when our northern fields are still frozen. We are the only dealer offering such cured rhizomes and we guarantee them satisfactory in every way.

Plants 4 cents each in lots of 25 or more, express collect.

Named Varieties.

We will ship the following varieties PREPAID at the prices indicated per plant. Varieties listed at 25 cents each wil be sold 3 for 50 cents; varieties listed at 35 cents each will be sold 3 for 75 cents, and varieties listed at 50 cents each will be supplied at 3 for \$1.00. All prepaid. YFR 24 in. \$.25

Acquackanonk

| Acquackanonk | YFR | 24 in. | \$.25 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------|--------|
| (Bobbink & Atkins 1917) | | 0.4.4 | 0.5 |
| A. E. Kunderd (Fryer 1917) | T 170 | 24 in. | .25 |
| Afterglow (Sturtevant 1918) | LYC | 36 in. | .75 |
| Alcazar (Vilmorin 1910) | RYF | 42 in. | 1.00 |
| Amas (Collected 1885) | $_{\rm BF}$ | 30 in. | .35 |
| Ambassadeur (Vilmorin 1920) | RYF | | 5.00 |
| Ambigu (Vilmorin 1916) | RYF | 30 in. | 2.00 |
| Anna Farr (Farr 1913) | WML | | 1.50 |
| Anne Leslie (Sturtevant 1918) | WFR | 30 in. | 1.25 |
| Arabesque (Sturtevant 1918) | YFW | | .35 |
| Archeveque (Vilmorin 1911) | RF | 24 in. | .50 |
| Arnols (Barr 189) | RYF | | .25 |
| Aurea (Jacques 1830) | YC | 30 in. | .25 |
| Azure (Bliss 1918) | $_{ m BF}$ | 36 in. | 3.50 |
| Baronet (Sturtevant 1920) | BF | 36 in. | 2.00 |
| Blue Boy (Foster 1913) | $_{\mathrm{BC}}$ | 15 in. | .35 |
| Blue Jay (Farr 1913) | $_{ m BF}$ | 30 in. | .35 |
| Bluet (Sturtevant 1918) | LC | 24 in. | .75 |
| B. Y. Morrison (Sturtevant 1918) | $_{ m LF}$ | 36 in. | 1.50 |
| Caprice (Vilmorin 1904) | RC | 24 in. | .25 |
| Celeste (Lemon 1858) | LC | 30 in. | .25 |
| Cherubin (Vilmorin 1911) | PF | 24 in. | .25 |
| Chester Hunt (Farr 1913) | \mathbf{LF} | 30 in. | .25 |
| Clarence Wedge (Fryer 1919) | LYF | 24 in. | .25 |
| Cluny (Vilmorin 1920) | $_{ m LC}$ | 36 in. | 2.00 |
| Col. Candelot (Millet 1907) | RYF | 36 in. | 1.00 |
| Cordelia (Parker 1873) | RF | 24 in. | .35 |
| Cretonne (Bliss 1919) | YLF | 36 in. | 2.50 |
| Crimson King | RC | 30 in. | .25 |
| Crusader (Foster 1913) | BC | 40 in. | 3.00 |
| Cygnet (Sturtevant 1922) | WML | 40 in. | 7.50 |
| Dalila (Denis 1914) | PYF | 24 in. | 1.00 |
| Dalmarius (Goos & Koennemann 1907 | 7) LYC | 24 in. | .25 |
| Darius (Parker 1873) | YFL | 30 in. | .25 |
| Dawn (Yeld 1911) | \mathbf{YC} | 30 in. | .75 |
| Dejazet (Vilmorin 1914) | PYF | 24 in. | 1.50 |
| Demure (Sturtevant 1918) | PY | 24 in. | .50 |
| Dimity (Bliss 1919) | WML | 36 in. | 2.50 |
| Dorothea (Goos & Koennemann 1901 |) LC | 24 in. | .25 |
| Drake (Bliss 1919) | LC | 36 in. | 2.00 |
| Dream (Sturtevant 1918) | _ PC | 36 in. | 5.00 |
| Dr. Bernice (1867) | YLF | 30 in. | .25 |
| | | | |

| T3.2 2 3/2-3-1 (T72' 1004) | D.C | 0.0 | ,_ | 9.00 |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Edouard Michel (Verdier 1904) | RC | | in. | 2.00 |
| E. H. Jenkins (Bliss 1919) | LF | | in. | 5.00 |
| E. L. Crandall (Farr 1915) | WML | | in. | .50 |
| Eldorado (Vilmorin 1910) | LYC | | in. | .50 |
| Empire (Sturtevant 1918) | YC | | in. | .75 |
| Empress (Caparne 1901) | YC | | in. | .35 |
| Fairy (Kennicott 1905) | MWL | | in. | .25 |
| Firmament (Groschner 1920) | LF | | in. | 1.00 |
| Flavescens (DeCandolle) | YC | | in. | .25 |
| Florentina (1500) | WC | | in. | .25 |
| Fro (Goos & Koennemann 1910) | YFR | | in. | .25 |
| Gajus (Goos & Koenneman (1910) | YFR | | in. | .25 |
| Georgia (Farr 1920) | PC | 30 | in. | 5.00 |
| Gertrude (Peterson 1907) | $_{\mathrm{BC}}$ | 30 | in. | .25 |
| Goliath (Cayeux 1908) | PYF | 30 | in. | .25 |
| Grevin (Vilmorin 1920) | RYF | 30 | in. | 3.00 |
| Hebe (1854) | WML | 30 | in. | .35 |
| Helge (Goos & Koennemann 1908) | YC | 24 | in. | .25 |
| Her Majesty (Perry 1903) | PYF | 20 | in. | .25 |
| Herocles (Millet 1905) | LYF | 30 | in. | .50 |
| Hiawatha (Farr 1913) | $_{ m LF}$ | 30 | in. | .35 |
| Hopatcong (Bobbink & Atkins 1917) | YFR | 30 | in. | .25 |
| Innocenza (Lemon 1854) | WC | 30 | in. | .25 |
| Iris King (Goos & Koennemann 1907) | YFR | 27 | in. | .50 |
| Isoline (Vilmorin 1904) | PYF | 36 | in. | .75 |
| James Boyd (Farr 1915) | $_{ m LF}$ | 36 | in. | .50 |
| Jacquesiana (Lemon 1840) | RYF | 36 | in. | .35 |
| Jeanne d'Arc (Verdier 1907) | WML | | in. | .50 |
| Juniata (Farr 1909) | LC | | in. | .35 |
| Kathryn Fryer (Fryer 1917) | YLF | | in. | 2.00 |
| Kharput (Collected) | RF | | in. | .35 |
| Knysna (Bliss 1917) | YFR | | in. | 2.00 |
| Kochii (Collected) | RC | | in. | .25 |
| Koya (Sturtevant 1920) | LF | | in. | .75 |
| Lady Foster (Foster 1913) | LC | | in. | 2.50 |
| Leonidas | LC | | in. | .25 |
| Lohengrin (Goos & Koennemann 1910 | | | in. | .35 |
| Lord of June (Yeld 1911) | LF | | in. | 2.50 |
| Loreley (Goos & Koennemann) | YFR | | in. | .25 |
| Magnate (Sturtevant 1918) | LF | | in. | 1.25 |
| Magnifica (Vilmorin 1920) | PYF | | in. | |
| | | | | 6.00 |
| Major (1840) Ma Mie (Cayeux) | BF | | in. | .25 |
| | WML | | in. | .50 |
| Mandarin (Cleveland 1920) | YRF | | in. | .75 |
| Mandraliscae (Collected) | $^{ m LC}$ | | in. | .25 |
| Mareschal (Sturtevant 1918) | LC | 40 | in. | 1.00 |

| Margaret Moor (Bliss 1918) | RC | 30 in. | 2.50 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------|
| Mary Garden (Farr 1913) | YLF | 30 in. | .35 |
| Mary Gray (Farr 1913) | BS | 36 in. | .75 |
| Mary Orth (Farr 1920) | PC | 27 in. | 3.00 |
| Merlin (Sturtevant 1918) | RYF | 30 in. | 2.00 |
| M. G. Peters (Fryer 1917) | YLF | 30 in. | .25 |
| Mikado (Denis 1914) | PF | 24 in. | .50 |
| Mithras (Goos & Koenneman 1910) | YFR | 30 in. | .35 |
| Mme. Blanche Pion (Cayeux 1906) | YLF | 30 in. | .25 |
| Mme. Chereau (Lemon 1844) | WML | 36 in. | .25 |
| Mme. Cheri (Sturtevant 1918) | PYF | 36 in. | 4.00 |
| Mme. de Savigne (Denis 1916) | RFW | 30 in. | 1.50 |
| Monsignor (Vilmorin 1908) | RF | 40 in. | .35 |
| Montezuma (Farr 1909) | YF | 24 in. | 1.50 |
| Mother of Pearl (Sturtevant 1921) | LC | 40 in. | 12.00 |
| Mrs. Alan Gray (Foster 1909) | PC | 30 in. | .35 |
| Mrs. Neubronner (Ware 189) | YC | 24 in. | .25 |
| Mrs. W. E. Fryer (Fryer 1917) | WFB | 30 in. | .75 |
| Mt. Penn (Farr 1909) | RYF | 30 in. | .50 |
| Myth (Sturtevant 1918) | $_{ m LC}$ | 24 in. | .75 |
| Nancy Orne (Sturtevant 1921) | PYF | 40 in. | 1.50 |
| Neptune (Yeld 1916) | LF | 42 in. | 2.00 |
| Nibelungen | YLF | 36 in. | .25 |
| (Goos & Koennemann 1910) | | | 0 |
| Nine Wells (Foster 1909) | $_{ m BF}$ | 36 in. | 1.00 |
| Nokomis (Farr 1915) | WFB | 30 in. | .25 |
| Nuee d'Orage (Verdier 1905) | $_{ m LYF}$ | 30 in. | .25 |
| Opera (Vilmorin 1916) | RYF | 30 in. | 2.00 |
| Oporto (Yeld 1911) | RC | 30 in. | .50 |
| Oriflamme (Vilmorin 1904) | $_{ m LF}$ | 36 in. | 1.00 |
| Palaurea (Sturtevant 1918) | LYC | 36 in. | .50 |
| Pancroft (Millet 1909) | | | 1.00 |
| Parc de Neuilly (Verdier 1910) | RC | 36 in. | .50 |
| Parisiana (Vilmorin 1911) | PFW | 30 in. | .50 |
| Patience (Foster 1909) | $_{ m LF}$ | 30 in. | .35 |
| Pauline (Farr 1913) | RC | 36 in. | .50 |
| Perfection (Barr 18—) | $_{ m BF}$ | 36 in. | .35 |
| Pocahontas (Farr 1915) | WMR | 30 in. | .50 |
| Powhatan (Farr 1913) | RC | 36 in. | .50 |
| Princess Victoria Louise | YFR | 30 in. | .25 |
| (Goos & Koennemann 1910) | | | |
| Prosper Laugier (Verdier 1914) | RYF | 36 in. | .50 |
| Quaker Lady (Farr 1909) | LYC | 36 in. | .35 |
| Queen Caternia (Sturtevant 1918) | $_{ m LC}$ | 36 in. | 3.00 |
| Queen of May (1859) | PLC | 30 in. | .25 |
| | | | |

| Raffet (Vilmorin 1920) | $_{ m BF}$ | 30 in. | 3.00 |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------|------|
| Ramapoo (Bobbink & Atkins 1917) | LYF | 24 in. | ,25 |
| Rangoon (Sturtevant 1919) | RF | 24 in. | .50 |
| Red Cloud (Farr 1913) | RYF | 24 in. | .35 |
| Rhein Nixe | WFB | 36 in. | .50 |
| (Goos & Koennemann 1910) | | | |
| Rose Unique (Farr 1910) | PYC | 24 in. | .35 |
| Roseway (Bliss 1919) | PYC | 36 in. | 2.00 |
| Shalimar (1916) | LF | 42 in. | 1.50 |
| Shekinah (Sturtevant 1918) | YC | 36 in. | 2.00 |
| Shelford Chieftain (Foster 1909) | LF | 42 in. | .75 |
| Sherwin Wright (Kohankie 1915) | YC | 24 in. | .35 |
| Shrewsbury (Farr 1916) | RYF | 24 in. | .50 |
| Souvenir de Mme. Gaudichau | BF | 36 in. | 5.00 |
| (Millett 1914) | | | |
| Speciosa (1830) | RF | 30 in. | .25 |
| Swatara (Farr 1918) | BYF | 36 in. | .50 |
| Taffeta (Cleveland 1920) | LYF | 30 in. | 1.00 |
| Tamerlan (Vilmorin 1904) | LF | 30 in. | .25 |
| Thorbecke (1897) | WFB | 30 in. | .25 |
| Tineae | LC | 42 in. | .25 |
| Towaco (Bobbink & Atkins 1917) | RYF | 30 in. | .25 |
| Trautleib (Goos & Koennemann 1899) | PC | 24 in. | .25 |
| Tregastel (Millett 19—) | LYF | 30 in. | .75 |
| Toreador (Cleveland 1920) | YRF | 30 in. | 1.00 |
| Tristram (Bliss 1919) | WFB | 30 in. | 2.50 |
| Troost (Denis 1908) | PYF | 24 in. | 3.00 |
| Tunisie (Millet) | RYF | 24 in. | 1.50 |
| Ute Chief (Farr 1920) | RYF | 42 in. | 2.50 |
| Viola (Foster 1913) | LC | 24 in. | .50 |
| Violacea Grandiflora (Verdier 1860) | LC | 36 in. | .25 |
| Virginia Moore (Shull 1921) | YC | 32 in. | 1.50 |
| Wawayanda (Bobbink & Atkins 1917) | LF | 24 in. | .25 |
| Weequahic (Bobbink & Atkins 1917) | BF | 24 in. | .25 |
| Whiffenpoof (Sturtevant 1917) | YLF | 30 in. | .25 |
| White Knight (Saunders 1916) | WC | 30 in. | 1.00 |
| Windham (Farr 1909) | PF | 24 in. | .50 |
| W. J. Fryer (Fryer 1917) | YLF | 36 in. | 2.00 |
| Wyoming (Bobbink & Atkins 1917) | WFB | 24 in. | .25 |
| Wyomissing (Farr 1909) | PYC | 24 in. | .25 |
| Zua (Crawford 1914) | WC | 20 in. | 1.00 |
| | | | |

SIZE AND QUALITY OF EVERY PLANT GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY TO THE CUSTOMER.

Classification of Bearded Iris.

All varieties of Pogoniris offered in this list are classified according to the following system. In this sysem the six principal divisions are based on the most obvious color of the flower, and the subdivisions are based on the modifying or less prominent color of the flower. The letters used to designate the various groups are: W(white), Y(yellow), L(lavender, or pale blue purple), B(blue purple), P(pink), and R(red purple). C(concolorous, or self colored), M (margin), S(standard), and F(fall) are used descriptively following the initial letter or letters which designate the group.

It may be seen that a brief but somewhat detailed color description may be given of any variety by taking in their descending order the letters designating the main color group and subgroup or groups within which such variety falls; for example, WML describes Madame Chereau as a white flower margined lavender, LYC describes Dalmarius as a concolorous blend in which lavender predominates, and WFBMW describes Mary Williamson with its white standards and white margined blue falls. We still regard this classification of the bearded Iris as the best and most workable system yet proposed.

Group W. White

- C. Concolorous (Innocenza)
- M. With colored margins
 - L. Margined lavender (Mme Chereau)
 - B. Margined blue purple
 - P. Margined pink (Leda)
 - R. Margined red purple (Francina)
- S. With colored standards
 - L. Colored lavender
 - B. Colored blue purple
 - P. Colored pink
 - R. Colored red purple (Parisiana)
- F. With colored falls
 - L. Colored lavender
 - B. Colored blue purple (Rhein Nixe)
 - P. Colored pink

Group Y. Yellow

- C. Concolorous (Aurea)
- M. With colored margins
- S. With colored standards
- F. With colored falls
 - W. Colored white
 - L. Colored lavender (Darius)
 - B. Colored blue purple (Loreley)
 - P. Colored pink
 - R. Colored red purple (Mithras)
- L. Blended with lavender
 - C. Concolorous blends
 - F. Bicolored blends (Nibelungen)
- P. Blended with pink
 - C. Concolorous blends
 - F. Bicolored blends

Group L. Lavender

- C. Concolorous (Dalmatica)
- F. Bicolored (Oriflamme)
- Y. Blended with yellow
 - C. Concolorous blends (Dalmarius)
 - F. Bicolored blends (Mme. Blanche Pion)

Group B. Blue purple

- C. Concolorous (Mary Gray)
- F. Bicolored (Othello)
- Y. Blended with yellow
 - C. Concolorous blends
 - . Bicolored blends

Group P. Pink

- C. Concolorous (Lohengrin)
- F. Bicolored (Windham)
- Y. Blended with yellow
 - C. Concolorous blends
 - F. Bicolored blends (Her Majesty)

Group R. Red Purple

- C. Concolorous (Kochii)
- F. Bicolored (Rubella)
- Y. Blended with yellow
 - C. Concolorous blends
 - F. Bicolored blends (Arnols)

Join the American Iris Society,

R. S. Sturtevant, Secretary.,Wellesley Farms, Mass.Dues \$3.00 a Year.

Valuable Bulletins to Members.